

know (the facts about the Oneness of Allâh).^[1]

87. And if you ask them who created them, they will surely say: "Allâh." How then are they turned away (from the worship of Allâh, Who created them)?

88. (And Allâh has the knowledge) of (Prophet Muhammad's) saying: "O my Lord! Verily, these are a people who believe not!"

89. So turn away from them (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم), and say: *Salâm* (peace)! But they will come to know.^[2]

Sûrat Ad-Dukhân (The Smoke) XLIV

*In the Name of Allâh
the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.*

1. Hâ.-Mîm.

[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings].

2. By the manifest Book (this Qur'ân) that makes things clear.

3. We sent it (this Qur'ân) down on a blessed night [(i.e. the night of *Al-Qadr*, *Sûrah* No. 97) in the month of Ramadân — the 9th month of the Islâmîc calendar]. Verily, We are ever warning [mankind that Our Torment will reach those who disbelieve in Our Oneness of Lordship and in Our Oneness of worship].

4. Therein (that night) is decreed every matter of ordainments.^[3]

وَلَيْن سَأَلْتَهُمْ مَنْ خَلَقَهُمْ لَيَقُولُنَّ اللَّهُ فَأَنَّى يُؤْفَكُونَ ﴿٨٧﴾

وَقِيلِهِ يَكْرِبُونَ إِنَّ هَذَا قَوْمٌ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٨٨﴾

فَأَصْفَحْ عَنْهُمْ وَقُلْ سَلَامٌ فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٨٩﴾



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

حَم

وَالْكِتَابِ الْمُبِينِ ﴿١﴾

إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ فِي لَيْلَةِ مُبَرَّكَةٍ إِنَّا كُنَّا مُنذِرِينَ ﴿٢﴾

فِيهَا يُفْرَقُ كُلُّ أَمْرٍ كَبِيرٍ ﴿٣﴾

[1] (V.43:86) See the footnote of (V.2:165).

[2] (V.43:89) The provision of this Verse was abrogated by the revelation of the Verse of fighting against them (V.9:5).

[3] (V.44:4) i.e. the matters of deaths, births, provisions, calamities, etc. for the whole (coming) year as decreed by Allah.

5. As a Command (or this Qur'an or the Decree of every matter) from Us. Verily, We are ever sending (the Messengers),

6. (As) a Mercy from your Lord. Verily, He is the All-Hearer, the All-Knower.

7. The Lord of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them, if you (but) have a faith with certainty.

8. *Lâ ilaha illâ Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He). It is He Who gives life and causes death — your Lord and the Lord of your forefathers.

9. Nay! They play about in doubt.

10. Then wait you for the Day when the sky will bring forth a visible smoke,

11. Covering the people: this is a painful torment.

12. (They will say): "Our Lord! Remove the torment from us, really we shall become believers!"

13. How can there be for them an admonition (at the time when the torment has reached them), when a Messenger explaining things clearly has already come to them.

14. Then they had turned away from him (Messenger Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم) and said: (He is) one taught (by a human being), a madman!"

15. Verily, We shall remove the torment for a while. Verily you will revert (to disbelief).

16. On the Day when We shall seize you with the greatest seizure (punishment). Verily, We will exact retribution.

17. And indeed We tried before them Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people, when there came

أَمْرًا مِّنْ عِنْدِنَا إِنَّا كُنَّا مُرْسِلِينَ ﴿٥﴾

رَحْمَةً مِّن رَّبِّكَ إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ ﴿٦﴾

رَبِّ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُوقِنِينَ ﴿٧﴾

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ يُحْيِي وَيُمِيتُ رَبُّكُمْ وَرَبُّ آبَائِكُمُ الْأُولِينَ ﴿٨﴾

بَلْ هُمْ فِي شَكٍّ يَلْعَبُونَ ﴿٩﴾

فَارْتَقِبْ يَوْمَ تَأْتِي السَّمَاءُ بِدُخَانٍ مُّبِينٍ ﴿١٠﴾

يَغشى النَّاسَ هَذَا عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿١١﴾

رَبَّنَا اكشِفْ عَنَّا الْعَذَابَ إِنَّا مُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٢﴾

أَنَّى لَهُمُ الذِّكْرَى وَقَدْ جَاءَهُمْ رَسُولٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿١٣﴾

ثُمَّ تَوَلَّوْا عَنْهُ وَقَالُوا مُعَلَّمٌ مَّجْنُونٌ ﴿١٤﴾

إِنَّا كَاشِفُو الْعَذَابِ قَلِيلًا إِنَّكُمْ عَائِدُونَ ﴿١٥﴾

يَوْمَ نَبْطِشُ الْبَطْشَةَ الْكُبْرَى إِنَّا مُنْتَقِمُونَ ﴿١٦﴾

وَلَقَدْ فَتَنَّا قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْمَ فِرْعَوْنَ وَجَاءَهُمْ

to them a noble Messenger [i.e. Mûsâ (Moses) عليه السلام],

18. Saying: "Deliver to me the slaves of Allâh (i.e. the Children of Israel). Verily, I am to you a Messenger worthy of all trust.

19. "And exalt not yourselves against Allâh. Truly, I have come to you with a manifest authority.

20. "And truly, I seek refuge with my Lord and your Lord, lest you should stone me (or call me a sorcerer or kill me).

21. "But if you believe me not, then keep away from me and leave me alone."

22. (But they were aggressive), so he [Mûsâ (Moses)] called upon his Lord (saying): "These are indeed the people who are *Mujrimûn* (disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, criminals)."

23. (Allâh said): "Depart you with My slaves by night. Surely, you will be pursued.

24. "And leave the sea as it is (quiet and divided). Verily, they are a host to be drowned."

25. How many of gardens and springs that they [Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people] left behind,

26. And green crops (fields) and goodly places,

27. And comforts of life wherein they used to take delight!

28. Thus (it was)! And We made other people inherit them (i.e. We made the Children of Israel to inherit the kingdom of Egypt).

رَسُولٌ كَرِيمٌ ﴿١٧﴾

أَنْ أَدُوَّأَ إِلَىٰ عِبَادِ اللَّهِ إِنِّي لَكَرَّسُؤْلٌ أَمِينٌ ﴿١٨﴾

وَأَنْ لَا تَعْلُوا عَلَيَّ اللَّهُ إِنِّي بِآيَاتِكُمْ بَاطِنٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿١٩﴾

وَإِنِّي عُدْتُ رَبِّي وَرَبَّكُمْ أَنْ تَرْجُمُونِ ﴿٢٠﴾

وَإِنْ تَرْتُؤْنَا إِلَىٰ مَا تَعْرَلُونَ ﴿٢١﴾

فَدَعَا رَبَّهُ أَنْ هَلْؤَلَاءَ قَوْمٌ مُّجْرِمُونَ ﴿٢٢﴾

فَأَسْرِعْ بِعَادِي لَيْلًا إِنَّكُمْ مُّتَّبِعُونَ ﴿٢٣﴾

وَأَتْرِكْ الْبَحْرَ هَوًّا إِنَّهُمْ جُنْدٌ مُّعْرَفُونَ ﴿٢٤﴾

كَمْ تَرَكُوا مِنْ جَنَّاتٍ وَعُيُونٍ ﴿٢٥﴾

وَزُرُوعٍ وَمَقَارٍ كَرِيمٍ ﴿٢٦﴾

وَنِعْمَةً كَانُوا فِيهَا فَتَكْفِهِنَّ ﴿٢٧﴾

كَذَلِكَ وَأَوْرَثْنَاهَا قَوْمًا آخَرِينَ ﴿٢٨﴾

29. And the heavens and the earth wept not for them,^[1] nor were they given a respite.

30. And indeed We saved the Children of Israel from the humiliating torment:

31. From Fir'aun (Pharaoh); verily he was arrogant and was of the *Musrifûn* (those who transgress beyond bound in spending and other things and commit great sins).

32. And We chose them (the Children of Israel) above the '*Ālamîn* (mankind and jinn) [during the time of Mûsâ (Moses)] with knowledge,

33. And granted them signs in which there was a plain trial.

34. Verily, these (Quraish) people are saying:

35. "There is nothing but our first death, and we shall not be resurrected.

36. "Then bring back our forefathers, if you speak the truth!"

37. Are they better or the people of Tubba' and those before them? We destroyed them because they were indeed *Mujrimûn* (disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, criminals).

38. And We created not the heavens and the earth, and all that is between them, for mere play.

39. We created them not except with truth (i.e. to examine and test those who are obedient and those who are disobedient and then reward the obedient ones and punish the disobedient ones), but most of them know not.

فَمَا بَكَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ السَّمَاءُ وَالْأَرْضُ وَمَا كَانُوا

مُنظَرِينَ ﴿٢٩﴾

وَلَقَدْ جِئْنَا بِبَنِي إِسْرَائِيلَ مِنَ الْعَذَابِ الْمُهِينِ ﴿٣٠﴾

مِنْ فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَلِيًّا مِنَ الْمُسْرِفِينَ ﴿٣١﴾

وَلَقَدْ أَحْرَقْنَاهُمْ عَلَىٰ عِلْمِنَا عَلَى الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٣٢﴾

وَأَنبَيْنَهُمْ مِنَ الْآيَاتِ مَا فِيهِ بَلْتَأْمِنُوا ﴿٣٣﴾

إِنَّ هَؤُلَاءِ لَيَقُولُونَ ﴿٣٤﴾

إِنْ هِيَ إِلَّا أَمْوَاتُنَا الْأُولَىٰ وَمَا نَحْنُ بِمُنشَرِينَ ﴿٣٥﴾

فَأْتُوا بِآبَائِنَا إِن كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿٣٦﴾

أَهُمْ خَيْرٌ أَمْ قَوْمُ تُبَعِّ وَالَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ أَهْلَكْنَاهُمْ

إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا إِجْرِمِينَ ﴿٣٧﴾

وَمَا خَلَقْنَا السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا

لَلْعِبَةِ ﴿٣٨﴾

مَا خَلَقْنَاهُمَا إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ وَلَكِنْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ

لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٣٩﴾

[1] (V.44:29) Narrated Ibn Jarîr At-Tabari: Ibn 'Abbâs رضي الله عنهما said, "When a believer dies, the place of earth on which he used to prostrate himself in his *Salât* (prayer), and the gate in the heaven through which his good deeds used to ascend, weep for him (or her), while they do not weep for the disbeliever." [Tafsir At-Tabari].

40. Verily, the Day of Judgement (when Allâh will judge between the creatures) is the time appointed for all of them —

41. The Day when a *Maulâ* (a near relative) cannot avail a *Maulâ* (a near relative) in aught, and no help can they receive,

42. Except him on whom Allâh has Mercy. Verily, He is the All-Mighty, the Most Merciful.

43. Verily, the tree of *Zaqûm*

44. Will be the food of the sinners.

45. Like boiling oil, it will boil in the bellies,

46. Like the boiling of scalding water.

47. (It will be said) “Seize him and drag him into the midst of blazing Fire,

48. “Then pour over his head the torment of boiling water.

49. “Taste you (this)! Verily, you were (pretending to be) the mighty, the generous!

50. “Verily, this is that whereof you used to doubt!”

51. Verily, the *Muttaqûn* (the pious. See V.2:2), will be in place of Security (Paradise).

52. Among Gardens and Springs,

53. Dressed in fine silk and (also) in thick silk, facing each other,

54. So (it will be). And We shall marry them to *Hûr*^[1] (fair females) with wide, lovely eyes.

إِنَّ يَوْمَ الْفَصْلِ مِيقَاتُهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿٤٠﴾

يَوْمَ لَا يَنْفَعِي مَوْلَى عَنْ مَوْلَى شَيْئًا وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ ﴿٤١﴾

إِلَّا مَنْ رَحِمَ اللَّهُ إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الرَّحِيمُ ﴿٤٢﴾

إِنَّ شَجَرَةَ الزُّقُومِ ﴿٤٣﴾

طَعَامُ الْأَثِيمِ ﴿٤٤﴾

كَالْمُهْلِ يَغْلِي فِي الْبُطُونِ ﴿٤٥﴾

كَغَلِي الْحَمِيمِ ﴿٤٦﴾

خُذُوهُ فَاعْتَلُوهُ إِلَىٰ سَوَاءِ الْحَدِيمِ ﴿٤٧﴾

ثُمَّ صُبُّوا فَوْقَ رَأْسِهِ مِنْ عَذَابِ الْحَمِيمِ ﴿٤٨﴾

ذُقْ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْعَزِيزُ الْكَرِيمُ ﴿٤٩﴾

إِنَّ هَذَا مَا كُنْتُمْ بِهِ تَمْتَرُونَ ﴿٥٠﴾

إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِينَ فِي مَقَامٍ أَمِينٍ ﴿٥١﴾

فِي جَنَّاتٍ وَعُيُونٍ ﴿٥٢﴾

يَلْبَسُونَ مِنْ سُنْدُسٍ وَإِسْتَبْرَقٍ

مُتَقَابِلِينَ ﴿٥٣﴾

كَذَلِكَ وَزَوَّجْنَاهُمْ بِحُورٍ عِينٍ ﴿٥٤﴾

[1] (V.44:54) *Hûr*: Very fair females created by Allah as such, not from the offspring of Adam عَلَيْهِ السَّلَام, with intense black irises of their eyes and intense white scleras. [For details see the book *Hadi Al-Arwâh* by Ibn Al-Qayyim, Chapter 54, Page 147].

55. They will call therein for every kind of fruit in peace and security;

56. They will never taste death therein except the first death (of this world), and He will save them from the torment of the blazing Fire,

57. As a Bounty from your Lord! That will be the supreme success!

58. Certainly, We have made this (Qur'ân) easy in your tongue, in order that they may remember.

59. Wait then (O Muhammad صلى الله عليه وسلم); verily, they (too) are waiting.

يَدْعُونَ فِيهَا بِكُلِّ فَاكِهَةٍ آمِنِينَ ﴿٥٥﴾

لَا يَذُوقُونَ فِيهَا الْمَوْتَ إِلَّا الْمَوْتَةَ
الْأُولَىٰ وَوَقَّهْتَ عَذَابَ الْجَحِيمِ ﴿٥٦﴾

فَضْلًا مِّن رَّبِّكَ ذَٰلِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ ﴿٥٧﴾

فَأَتَيْنَاهُم بِسَانَكَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَذَّكَّرُونَ ﴿٥٨﴾

فَارْتَبِعْ إِنَّهُمْ مُّرْتَبِعُونَ ﴿٥٩﴾

Sûrat Al-Jâthiyah
(The Kneeling) (XLV)

*In the Name of Allâh
the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.*

1. Hâ-Mîm.

[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings].

2. The revelation of the Book (this Qur'ân) is from Allâh, the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

3. Verily, in the heavens and the earth are signs for the believers.

4. And in your creation, and what He scattered (through the earth) of moving (living) creatures are signs for people who have Faith with certainty.

5. And in the alternation of night and day, and the provision (rain) that Allâh sends down from the sky, and revives therewith the earth after its death, and in the turning about of the winds (i.e. sometimes towards the east or north, and sometimes towards the south or west sometimes bringing glad tidings of rain



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

حَم ﴿١﴾

نَزِيلِ الْكِتَابِ مِنَ اللَّهِ الْعَزِيزِ الْحَكِيمِ ﴿١﴾

إِن فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ لَآيَاتٍ لِّمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٢﴾

وَفِي خَلْقِكُمْ وَمَا يَبُتُّ مِن دَابَّةٍ آيَاتٌ لِّقَوْمٍ يُوقِنُونَ ﴿٣﴾

وَأَخْلَفَ اللَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ وَمَا أَنزَلَ اللَّهُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ

مِن رِّزْقٍ فَأَحْيَا بِهِ الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا وَتَصْرِيفِ

الرِّيْحِ آيَاتٌ لِّقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ ﴿٤﴾